

Calculating Journal Quartile

The research, scholarship, and creative activity component of ETSU's budget model considers the journal quartile of publications. A journal quartile indicates a journal's ranking within a particular subject category. Q1 represents the top 25% of journals, while Q4 represents the bottom 25%, with Q2 and Q3 falling in between. If a journal does not have a quartile, it may not qualify to be featured in Scopus or Web of Science (the data sources) or may have insufficient data (such as in the case of a new journal).

When a faculty member indicates that they have published in a journal or conference proceeding in Watermark Faculty Success's Publications screen, the journal or proceeding will be searched to determine its quartile based on three research impact metrics: Journal Impact Factor, CiteScore, and Scimago Journal Rank. The highest quartile from these three sources will be used. Please note that conference abstracts will not be searched. If you would like to find the quartile of a journal or conference proceeding, you can follow the same instructions used to determine the journal quartile.

Instructions on Locating Journal Quartile in Journal Impact Factor

#1 Visit Web of Science through the Sherrod Library website: <https://libs.etsu.edu/links/wos.html>

#2 Select *Publication Titles* in the drop-down menu. Begin to type the title of the journal or conference proceeding. Select the title when it appears. You may have to spell the title different ways (e.g., try abbreviations as well as the full title). If the title does not appear, then the publication is not featured in Web of Science and will not have a quartile based on the Journal Impact Factor.



#3 If title does appear, click on the journal title listed below one of the articles. Click on *View Journal Impact*. If there are multiple quartiles, the best quartile will be chosen.

JCR Category	Category Quartile
OBSTETRICS & GYNECOLOGY <i>in SCIE edition</i>	Q2

☐ 1

The Clinicopathological Features and Prognoses of Lower Uterine Segment Cancer: A Retrospective, Single-Center Cohort Study

Wang, H; Xiao, YB; (...); Liang, ZY
2024 | **INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF WOMENS HEALTH** 16, pp.1401-1411

Introd → [View Journal Impact](#) alyze the clinicopathological features of site-specific endometrial cancer.
Metho ad undergone surgery at Peking Union Medical College Hospital, China,
betwe Clinical information and pathological character ... [Show more](#)

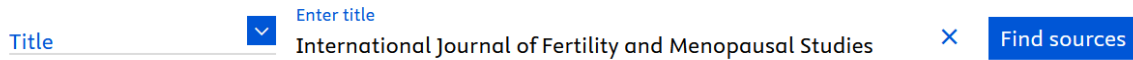
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Instructions on Locating Journal Quartile in CiteScore

1. Visit Scopus and search for the journal or conference proceeding title:

<https://www.scopus.com/sources.uri>

2. Select *Title* in the drop-down menu. Begin to type the title of the journal or conference proceeding. Select the title when it appears. You may have to spell the title different ways (e.g., try abbreviations as well as the full title). If the title does not appear, then the publication is not featured in Scopus and will not have a quartile based on the CiteScore.



The image shows a search interface with a dropdown menu labeled 'Title' on the left. To its right is a search bar containing the text 'International Journal of Fertility and Menopausal Studies'. Above the search bar is a small blue button with a white downward arrow and the text 'Enter title'. To the right of the search bar is a blue button with a white 'X' icon. Further right is a blue button with the text 'Find sources'.

2. The quartile is determined by the highest percentage column:

- 100-75% = Quartile 1
- 74-50% = Quartile 2
- 49-25% = Quartile 3
- 24-0% = Quartile 4

Instructions on Locating Journal Quartile in Scimago Journal Rank

1. Visit Scimago Journal Rank: <https://www.scimagojr.com/>

2. Enter the journal or conference proceeding title and click the search icon. You may have to spell the title different ways (e.g., try abbreviations as well as the full title). If the title yields no results, then the publication is not featured in Scopus and will not have a quartile based on the Scimago Journal Rank.

2. If the journal or conference proceeding appears, click on the title and determine the quartile based on the most recent year available. If there are multiple quartiles, the best quartile will be chosen.